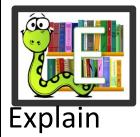
Sound and District Primary Sch	ool Year 4/5	Reading Key Knowledge		
TEXT				
Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry		
AUTHOR FOCUS Stig of the dump by Clive King Anne Fine , Jenny Nimmo Room 13 by Robert Swindells Krindlekrax by Philip Ridley Everest by Alexander Stewart The Queen of Darkness by Tony Bradman The Tin Forest / Varmints by Helen Ward The Boy in the Tower by Polly Ho-Yen Farther by Grahame Baker-Smith Tuesday by David Wiesner The Journey by Francesca Sanna Blackout by Tony Bradman The Clockwork Crow by Catherine Fisher Myths and legends Sir Gawain and the Greene Knight Sir Gawain and the loathly lady	Boudica – non-fiction books Iron Age – non-fiction books Science texts – linked to planning overview <u>https://theteachingbooth.wordpress.com</u>	<complex-block></complex-block>		
The Magic Box By Kit Wright	Lost Magic The Very Best of Brian Moses	Deep in the Green Wood By Wes Magee		
KEY KNOWLEDGE: WORD READING The pupil can: • apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet • read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word				

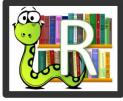


Infer



Predict





Retrieve



COMPREHENSION

The pupil maintains positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read. The pupil can: read and discuss a range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or text books

- · read books that are structured in different ways and read for a range of purposes
- increase their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions
- recommend books that they have read to their peers, giving simple reasons for their choices and sometimes referring to the text
- begin to use more complex dictionaries to check the meaning of many unknown words that they have read
- identify and discuss themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing e.g. use of first person when writing diaries or autobiographies
- make comparisons within and across books e.g. plot, genre and theme
- · learn a wider range of age-appropriate poetry by heart
- prepare poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience
- recognise a range of poetic forms [for example, free verse, narrative poetry]
- discuss many words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination

The pupil can understand both the books they can already read, as well as those they listen to. The pupil can:

- check that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context
- ask questions to improve their understanding
- with occasional prompting, draw inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence
- predict what might happen from details stated and implied
- with support, locate relevant information in a text, summarise the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and identify key details that support the main ideas
- identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning
- confidently retrieve and record information from non-fiction
- confidently participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say

Summarise	 participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging some views explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining focus on the topic and using notes where necessary to provide reasoned justifications for their view 		
	What should be seen in the classroom?		
	- Silent reading time – 30 minutes at least 3 x week		
	- Individual reading (1:1) where appropriate		
	- Daily story time with class reader		
	- Author focus linked to whole class reader – display of books for children to choose and recommend		
	 Weekly whole class reading lesson – whole class reading book 		
	 Non-fiction and poetry focus for whole class reading lesson at least once each half term. 		
	 Vipers to be used to implicitly teach reading skills 		
	 Recommending books they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices 		
	- Participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves		
	- Poem of the Day (Poetry Spine Book)		
	 Learn a wider range of poetry by heart 		
	 Termly, prepare poems and plays to read aloud and to perform 		
	 New vocabulary list – added to weekly 		
	 In other curriculum subjects – retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction 		

POETRY OVERVIEW

Year	Reading Comprehension	Writing Composition	Poetry Genre
Year TOPAZ	Reading Comprehension Continue to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of poetry Read books (poems) that are structured in differ- ent ways and for a range of purposes Increase familiarity with a wide range of books, (poems) from our literary heritage, and books (po- ems) from other cultures and traditions Recommend books (poems) that they have read to	 Writing Composition Plan their writing by:- identifying the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their own noting and developing initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary Draft and write by: selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance meaning Evaluate and edit by: assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors Perform their own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear. 	Poetry GenrePerformingPerform and read aloud a wide range of poems.Consider intonation, tone and volume to showmeaning to the audiencePerform own composition using appropriate into- nation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear.Creating
	Recommend books (<i>poems</i>) that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices Identify and discuss themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing (<i>poetry</i>) Make comparisons within and across books (<i>po- ems</i>) Learn a wider range of poetry by heart Prepare poems to read aloud/perform, showing understanding through intonation/tone/volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience Participate in discussions about books (<i>poems</i>) that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously		Blackout poems Structured grammar poem Use figurative language: similes, metaphors, per- sonification etc. (Writing Models Book Y5) Free verse based on themes/issues etc. Ballads Cinquain Comic verse Concrete poems Exploring and using unusual/surprising word com- binations Kennings Model verb poems (if only) Consider layout and presentation Analysing Poetry reviews Poetry analysis Recommendations
			The above could include: Connections/devices used/structure/themes and conventions/memorable part/effect on reader/messages from the poem giving reasons Summarise poems